

AE : Ségou	ETABLISSEMENT : LBNM	Année Scolaire : 2025-26
Epreuve: Anglais	COMPOSITION DE LA 2 ^{ÈME} PERIODE	Classe: 11ème Sc
DUREE : 2H		COEF :2

Text :

In many developing countries, including Mali, people use both modern and traditional medicine to treat illnesses. Modern medicine is practiced in hospitals and clinics by trained doctors. It relies on scientific research and uses drugs such as paracetamol, antibiotics, and vaccines. These treatments are usually fast and effective, especially for serious illnesses like malaria or infections. However, modern medicine can be expensive and sometimes unavailable in rural areas. as a result, many people turn to traditional medicine. Traditional healers used herbs, roots, and natural remedies to treat patients. This type of medicine is often cheaper and more accessible.

Although traditional medicine is part of cultural heritage, it is not always scientifically tested. Some treatments may be ineffective or even dangerous if not used correctly. On the other hand, modern medicine may cause side effects if patients do not follow the doctor's instructions properly.

In conclusion, both modern and traditional medicine have advantages and disadvantages. Many experts believe that combining the two systems could improve healthcare in developing countries.

I. COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS (5 pts)

A. Choose the best answer and write the complete sentence. (1 pt)

1. Traditional medicine is often -----.

- a- expensive b- accessible c- scientific d- exorbitant

2. One disadvantage of modern medicine is that -----.

- a- it is slow b- it causes side effects c- it is natural d- it uses plants

B. Copy the true sentences and correct the false ones. (2 pts)

1. Modern medicine is always cheap.
2. Traditional medicine uses artificial remedies.
3. Traditional medicine uses scientific processes.
4. Both modern and traditional medicine have no advantages.

C. Answer the questions as appropriately as possible. (2 pts)

1. What does modern medicine use to treat diseases?
2. Why do many people prefer traditional medicine?

II. LANGUAGE: (8 pts)

A. Make pairs of synonyms using the lists below. (2)

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. Treat | a. Clinician |
| 2. Illness | b. Disease |
| 3. Drug | c. Cure |
| 4. Doctor | d. Painkiller |

B. Choose the correct answer. (2 pts)

1. There isn't ----- medicine in the rural clinics.

- a- much b- many c- a few

2. Doctors give patients ----- advice.

- a- several b- much c- five

C. The sentence below has two (2) Passive Voices. Give the two!

- Mr. Djiré has given two exercises to pupils.

D. Translate into French. (1 pt)

"Traditional healers used herbs, roots, and natural remedies to treat patients.

This type of medicine is often cheaper and more accessible."

E. Translate into English. (1 pt)

"Le chômage a beaucoup de conséquences. Les causes principales sont le manque d'usines et d'industries.

III. COMPOSITION : Choose only one topic. (5 pts)

A. Write about the causes of unemployment in 5 sentences.

B. Zan Bouaré, Financial Director of CSRef Markala, writes a letter to the Sales Manager of COMATex-SA, BP 45, Ségou, to ask for information about their range of masques. He asks for details of the price and the delivery mode and time. Write Zan's letter with the appropriate layout!

Performance indicators: (2 pts)

- Clean exam sheet: (0,5 pt)

- Originality of ideas:

● Questions based on text: (0,5 pt)

● Function: (0,5 pt)

● Composition (0,5)

GOOD LUCK TO EVERYBODY!!!